

Effective Teaching & Learning:

Insights from Neuroscience

Barbara Oakley, PhD, PE

Distinguished Professor of Engineering

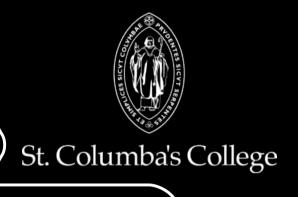
Oakland University

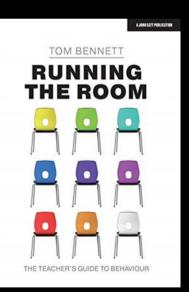
Rochester, Michigan



A Brave New Vision for Education in Ireland

ÁINE HYLAND

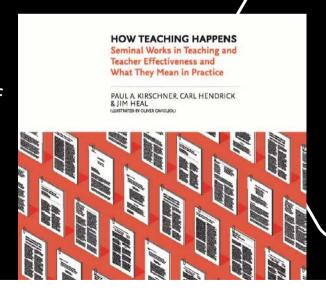




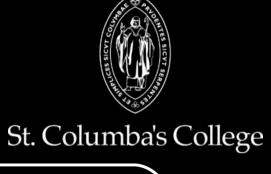


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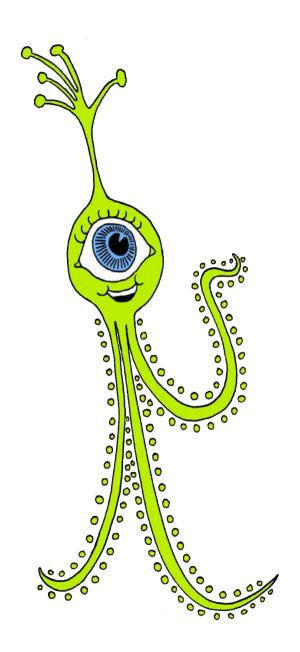


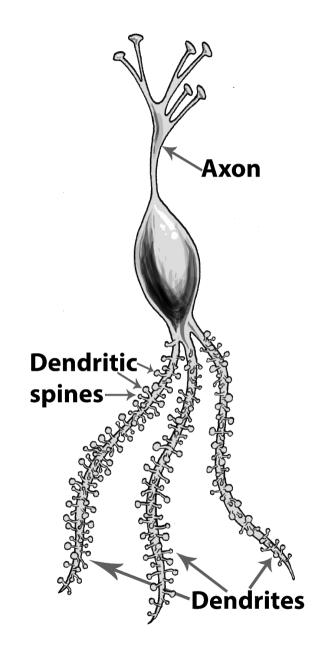


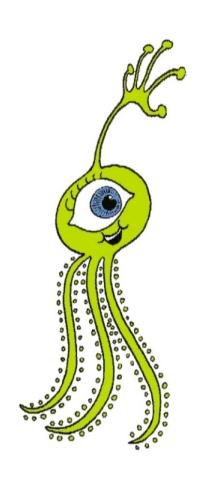


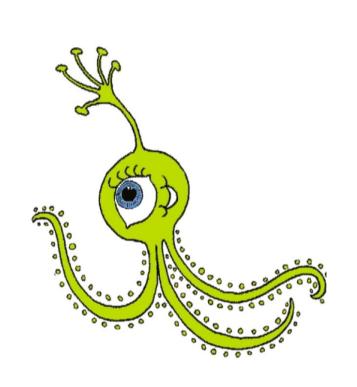


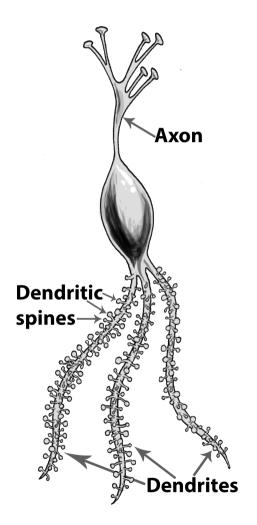










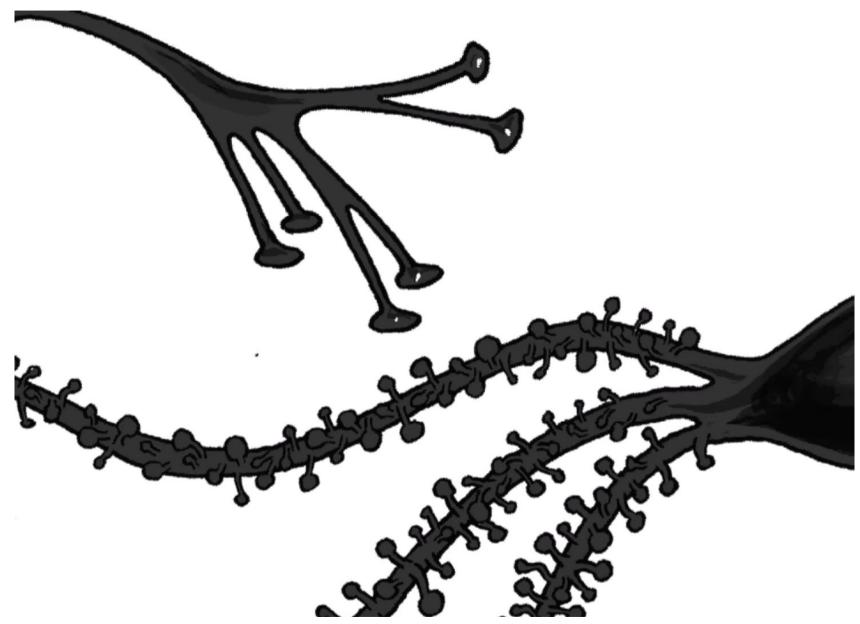




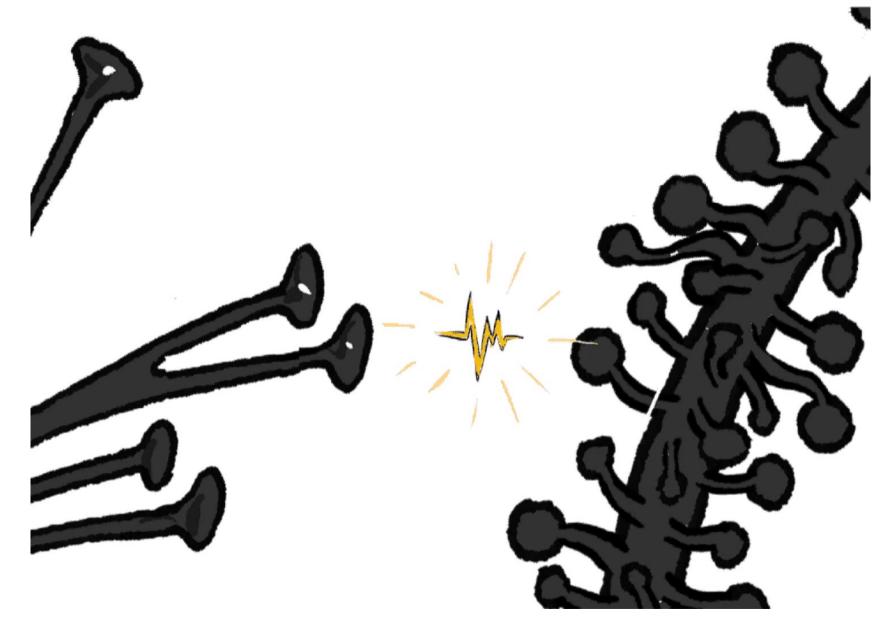


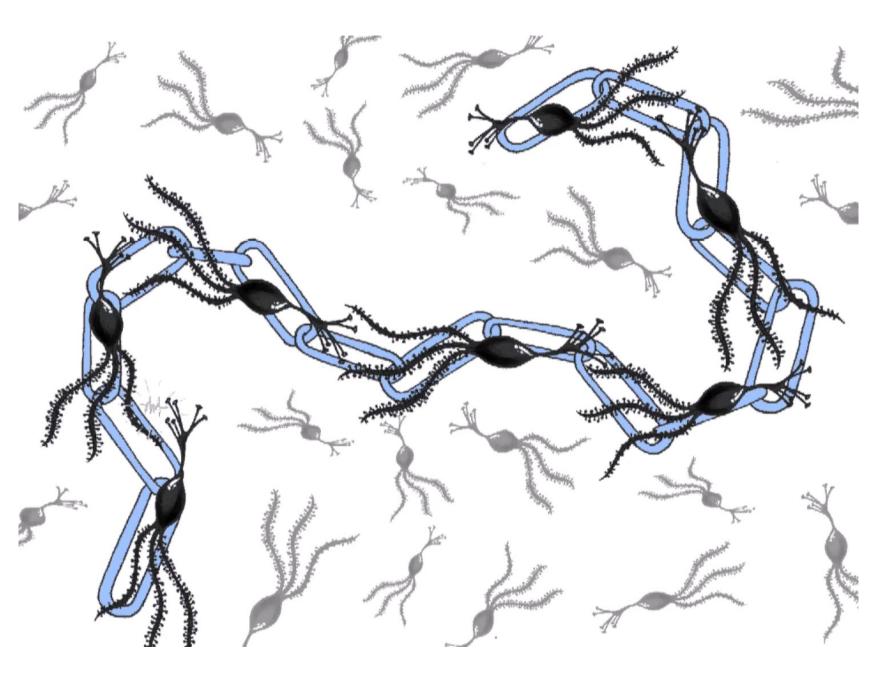
Neurons send signals

Neurons create sets of links when you learn something.



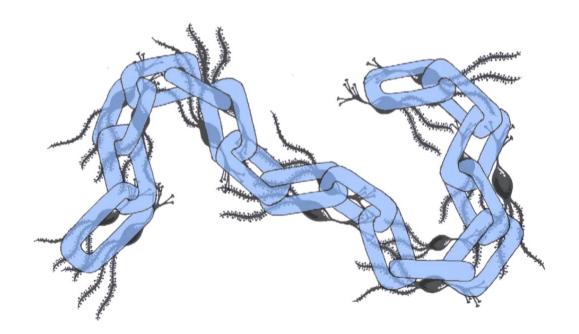
Connections strengthen with practice





These are like sets of links in a chain.

The value of metaphor



What technique do you yourself use to learn most efficiently?

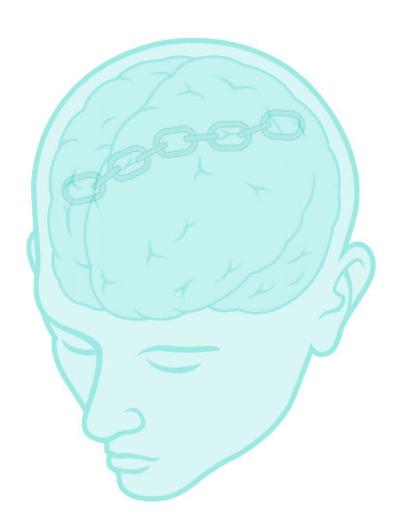
- Reread
- Highlight or underline
- Retrieval practice ("recall")

• Create a concept map

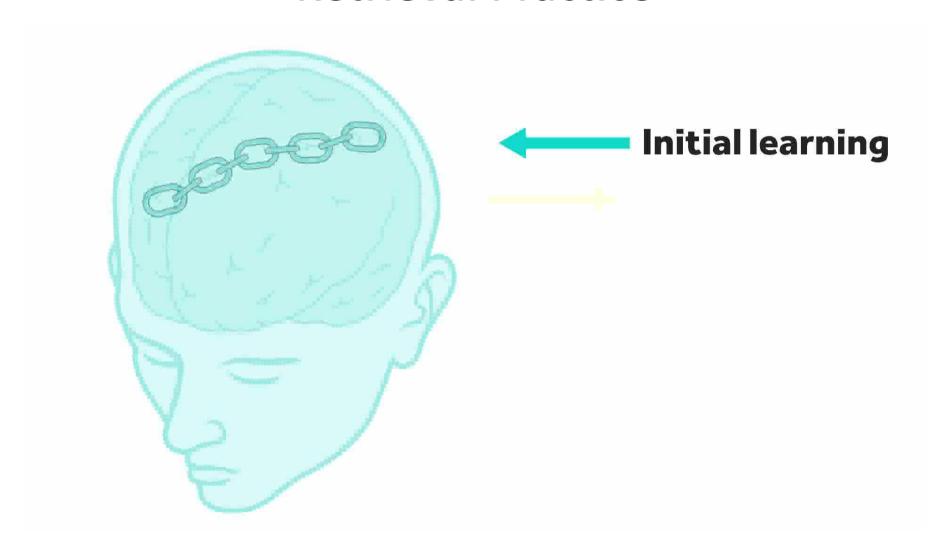
Concept

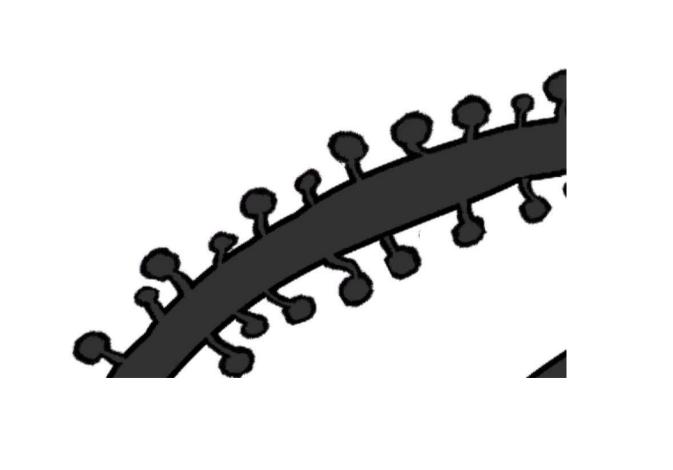
Concep

Retrieval Practice

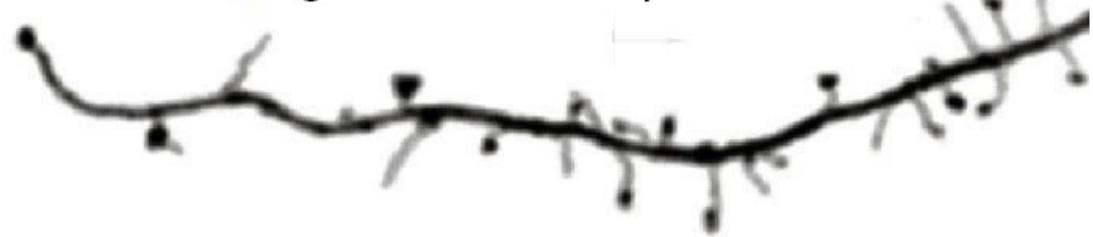


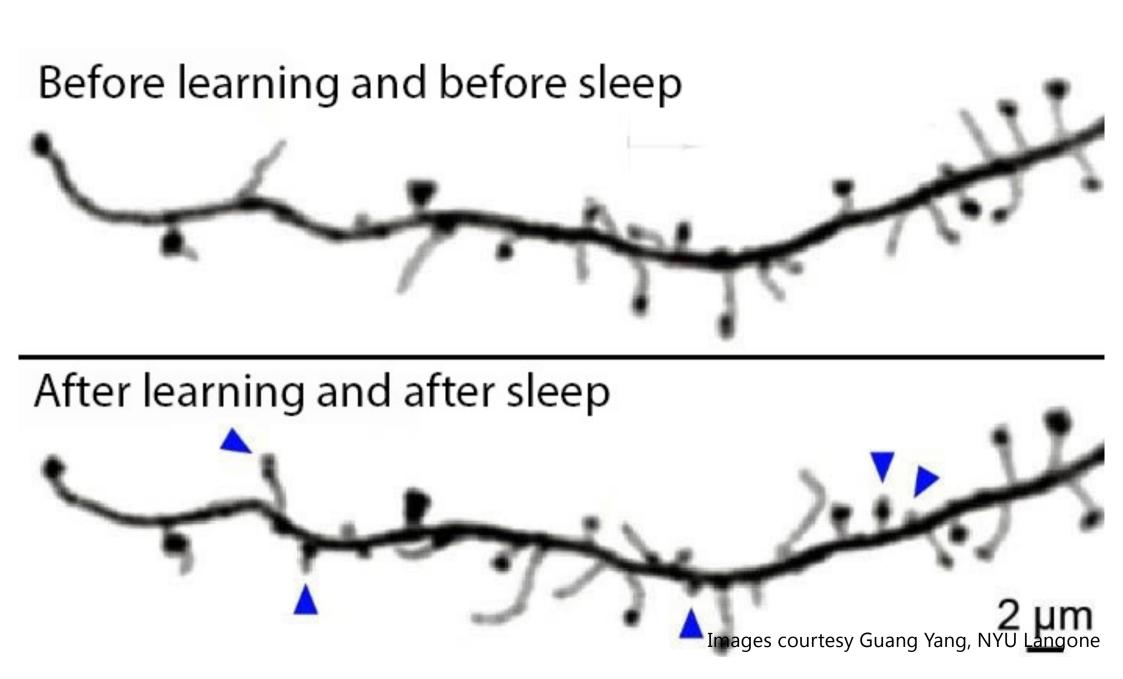
Retrieval Practice



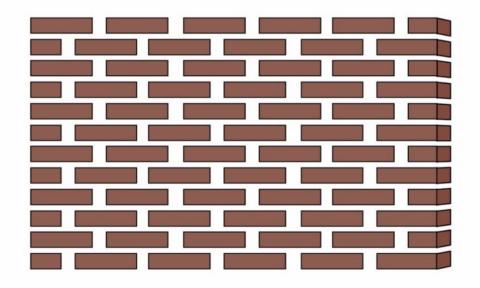


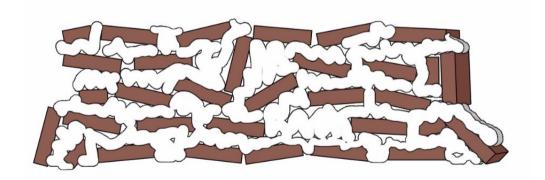
Before learning and before sleep



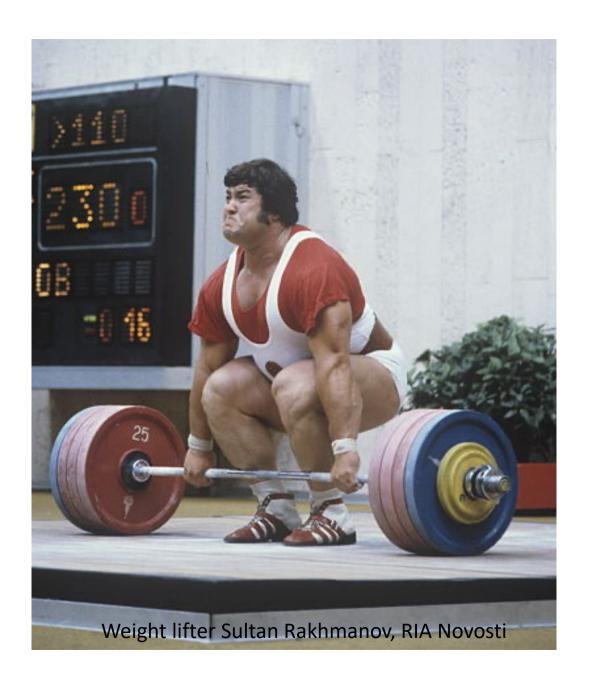


Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
						60000
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday



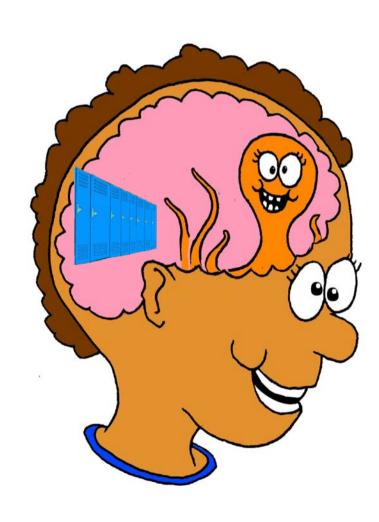


It takes time

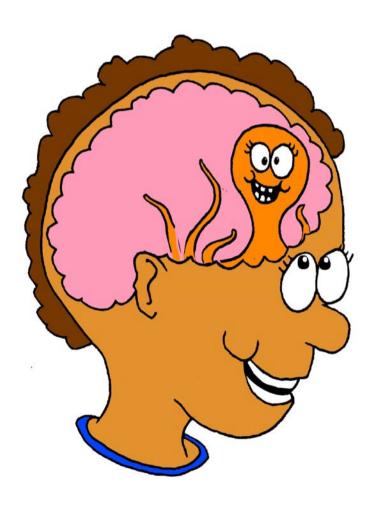


Working memory

Long-term memory

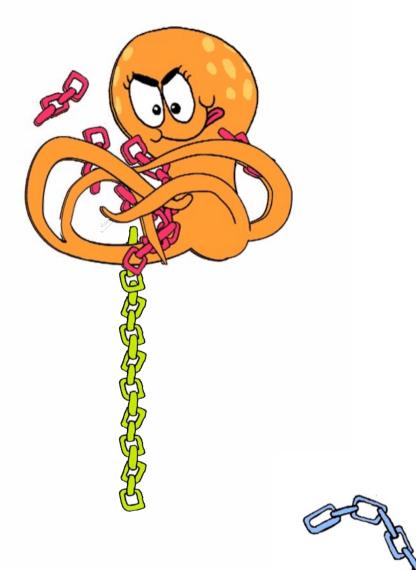


Working memory



Long-term memory



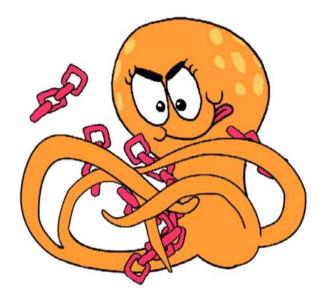






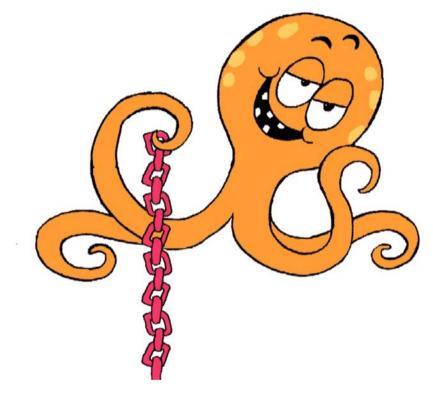




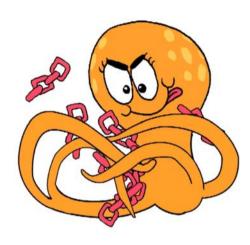


- Heavy cognitive load
- No working memory is available for anything else





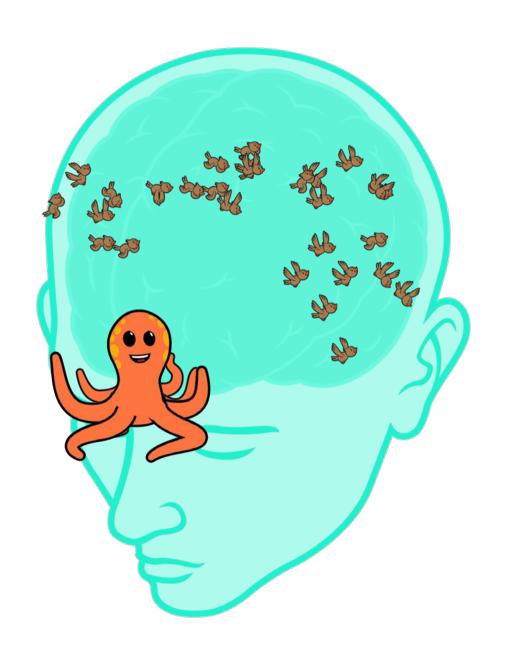
- Light cognitive load!
- Working memory is available for more complex thinking



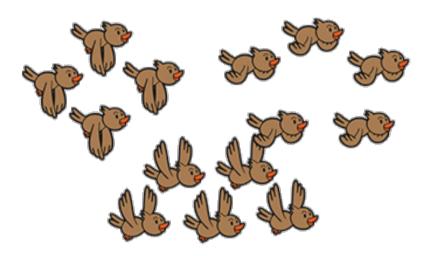




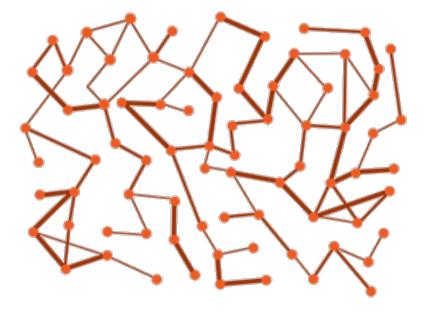


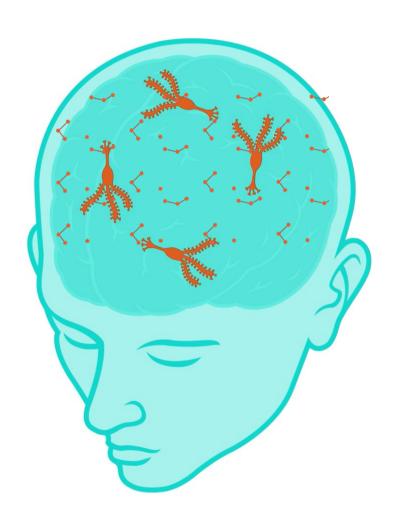


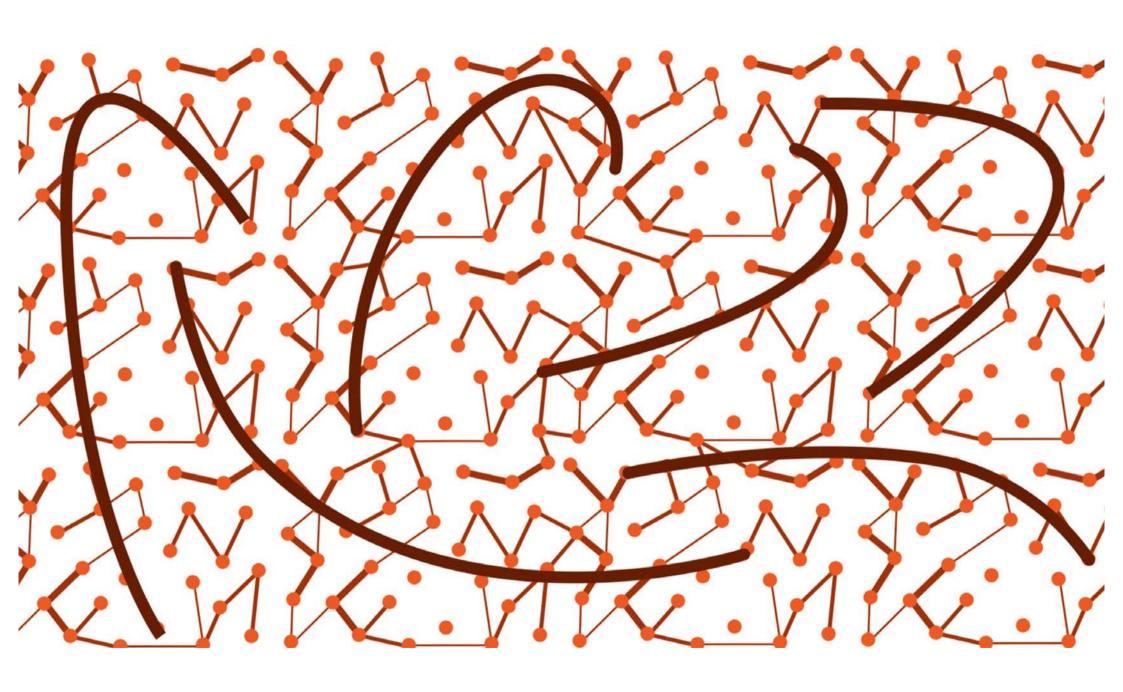
Mental models



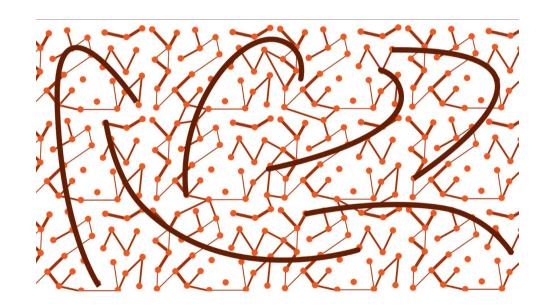
Schema







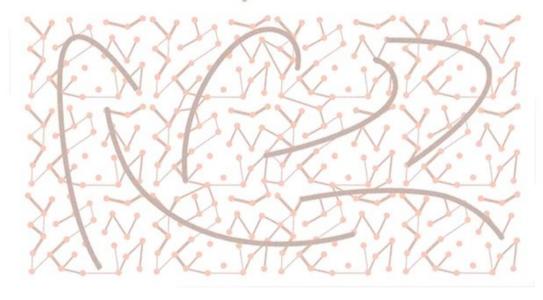
Schemas

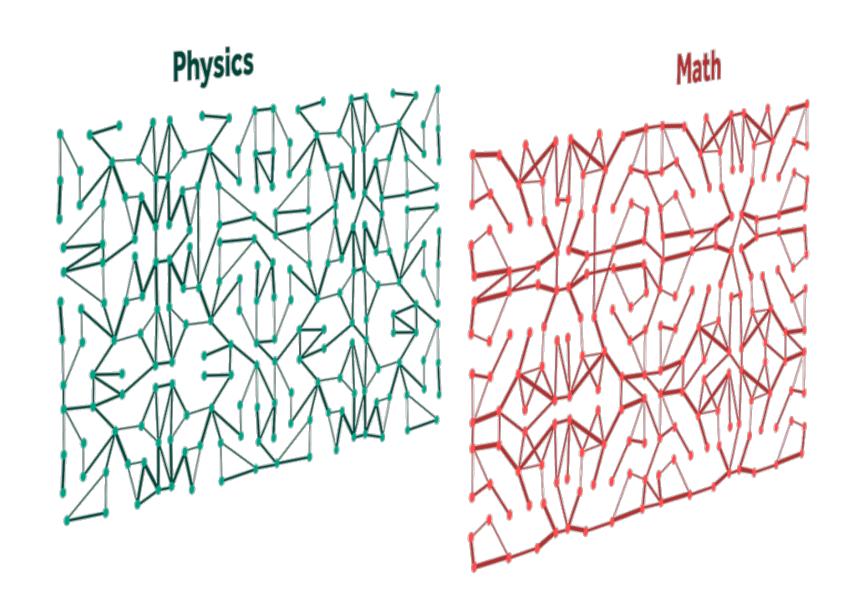


Schemas

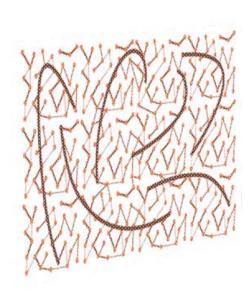
Classroom Management

Japanese

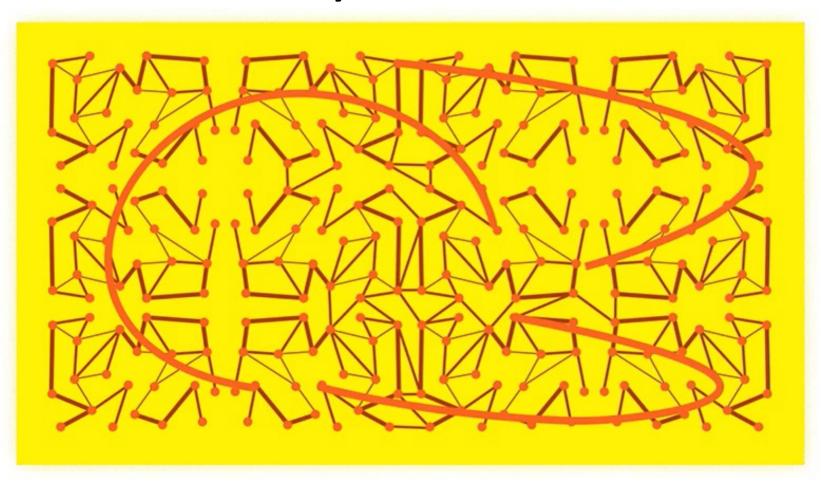


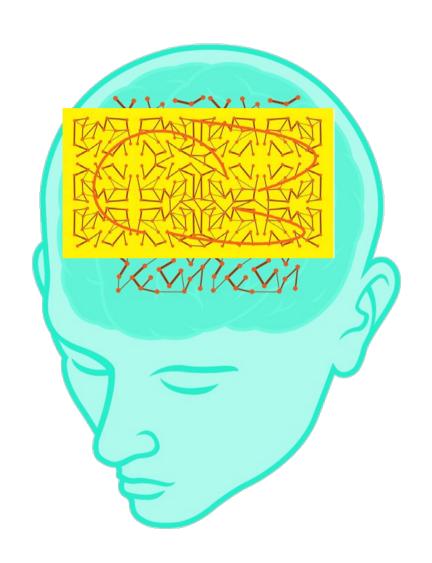


Identity Schema



Identity Schema



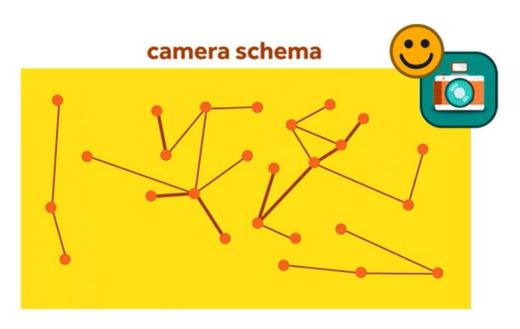




Audrey Lawrence

Growth mindset

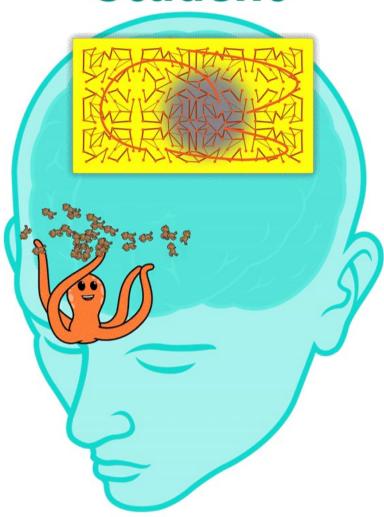


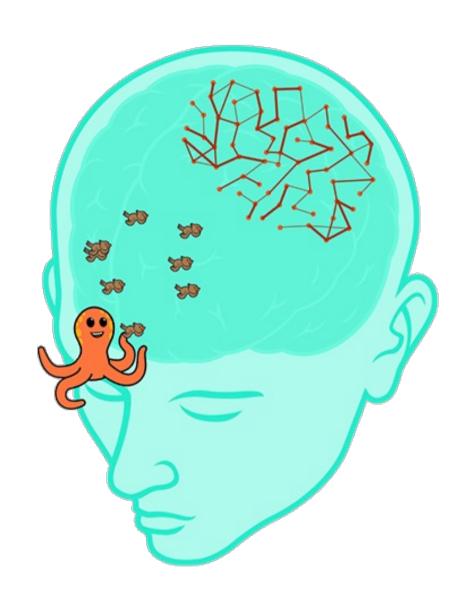


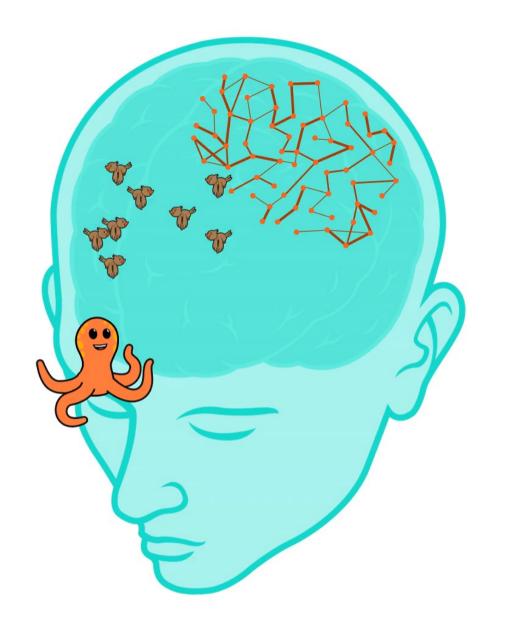




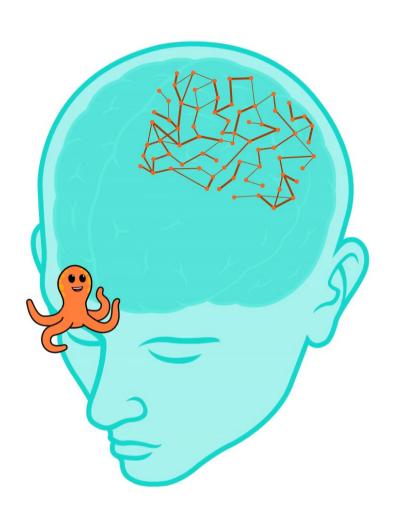
Student







Practice putting the mental model into long-term memory (schema)

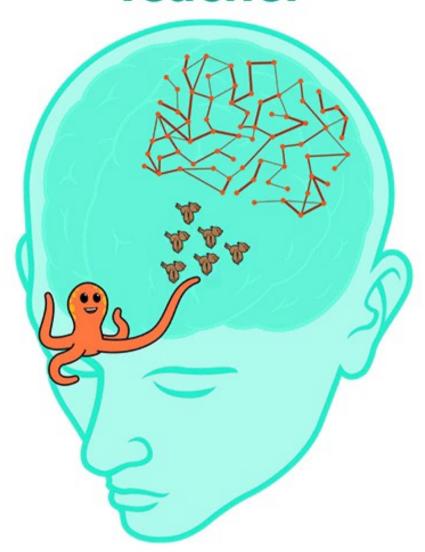


Practice pulling the mental model OUT of long-term memory

Student















Student 1

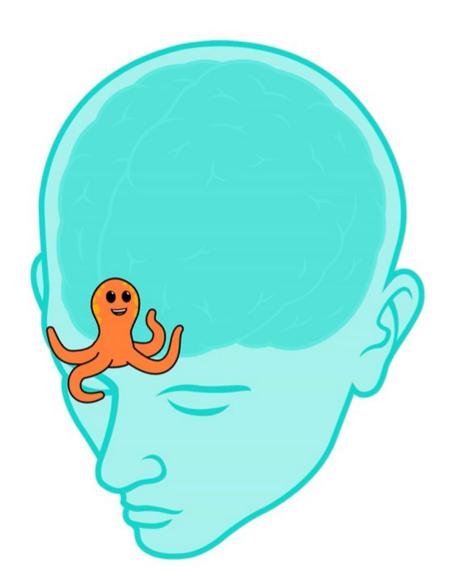


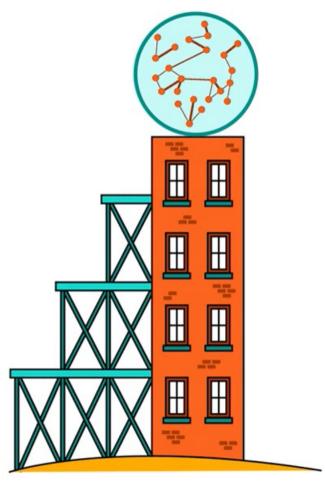


Social learning













Week 4 - Lesson 1: Attention, Partnership and Teleprompters











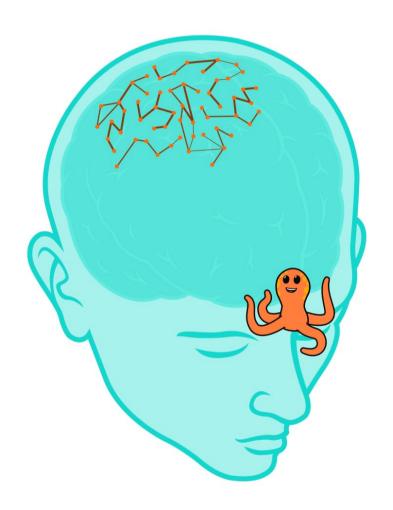


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TWEAKING YOUR SCHEMAS



 Add retrieval practice apps to your teaching repertoire!

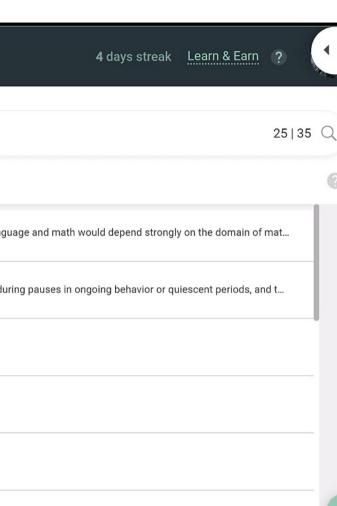
Retrieval Practice Apps

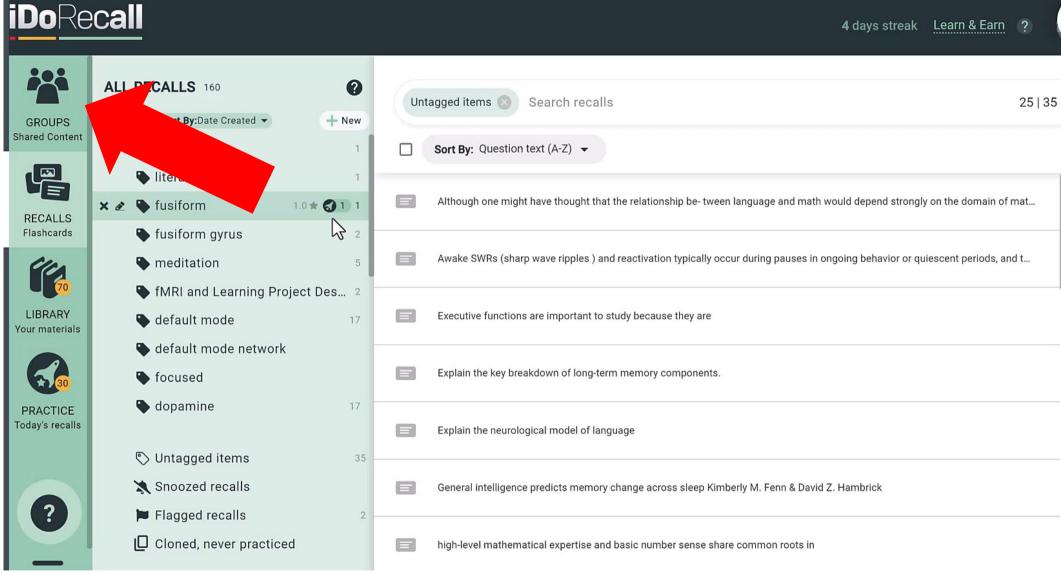
Teacher can facilitate creation of decks in classes

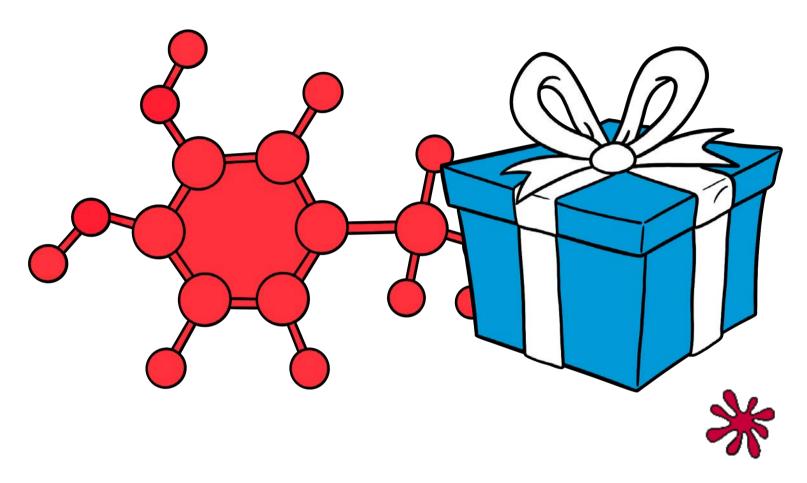
- iDoRecall
- Quizlet
- Kahoot!
- Anki

Live, in-class

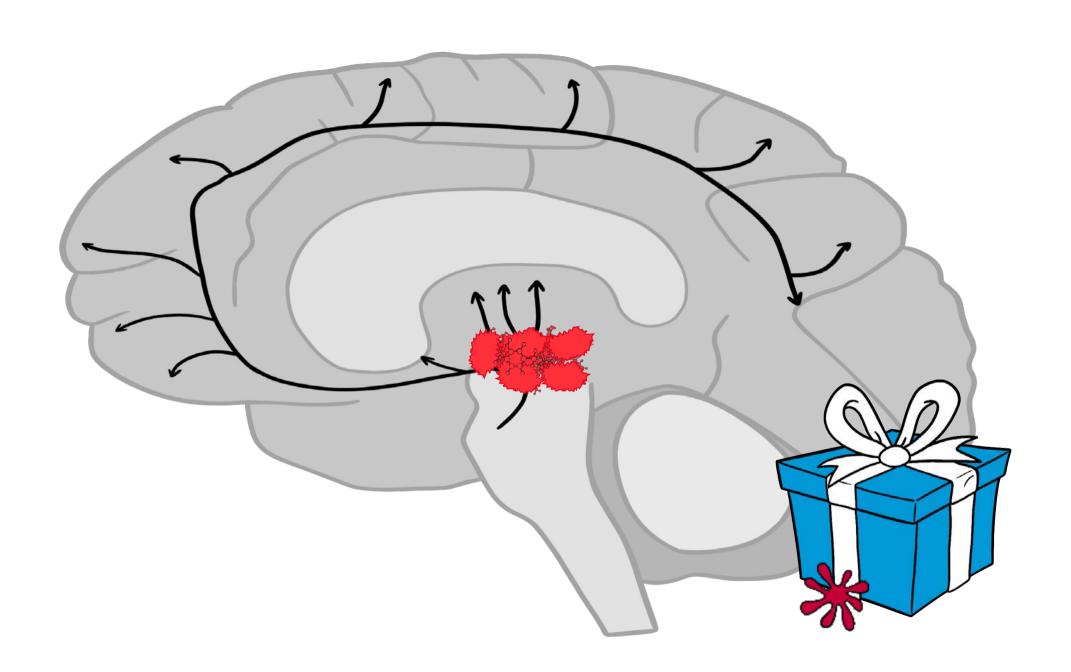
- PearDeck
- NearPod





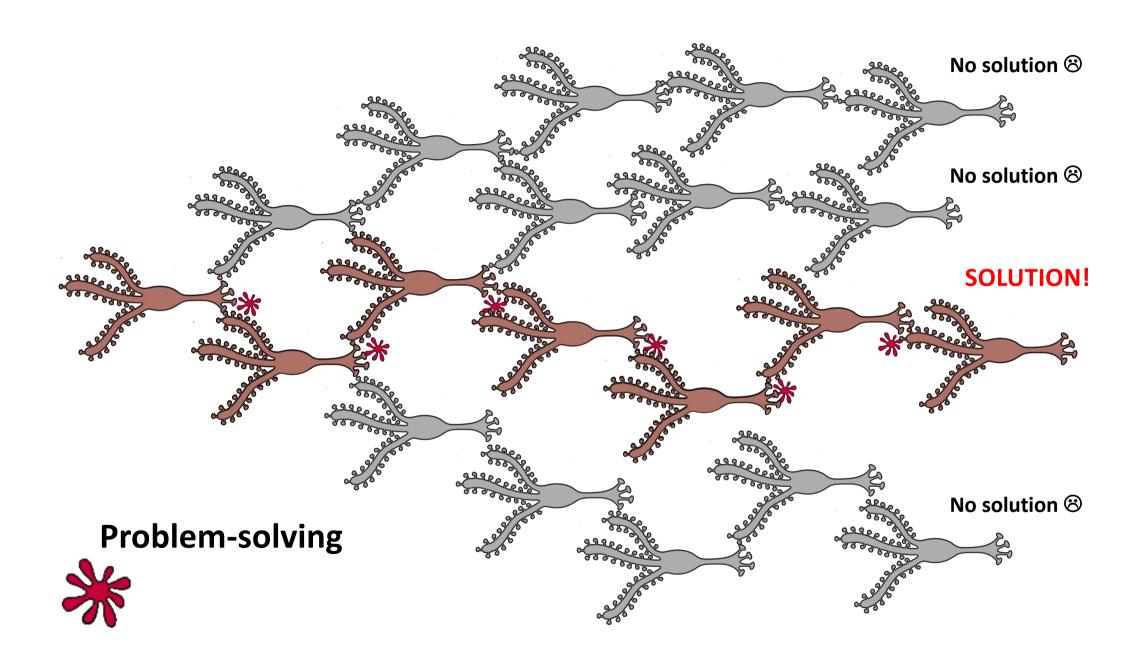


Dopamine—the "feel good molecule"

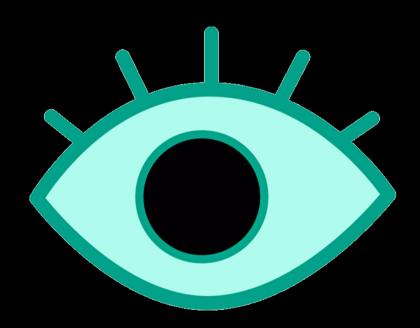




Mice with inactivated dopamine systems can't learn anything new.



Hooks & curiosity suppress diffuse mode and enhance focus

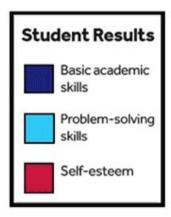


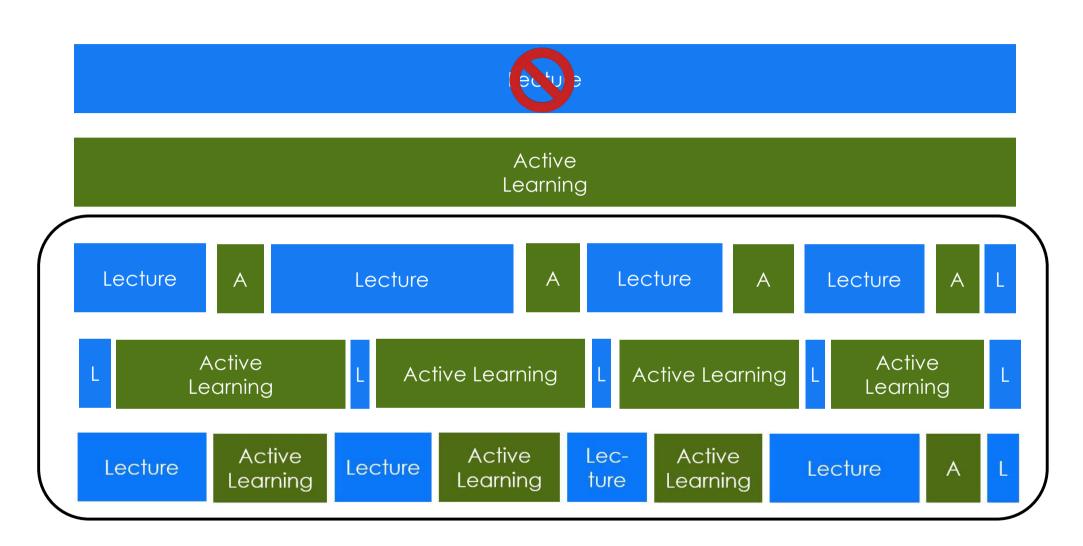


Project Follow Through, 1967 - 1977

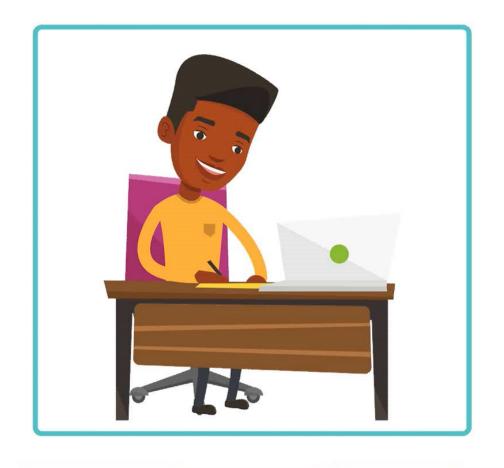
Nine models of teaching K-3 compared in history's largest educational experiment

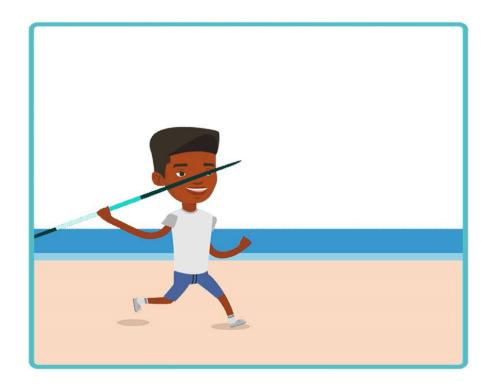






Direct instruction





Lecture

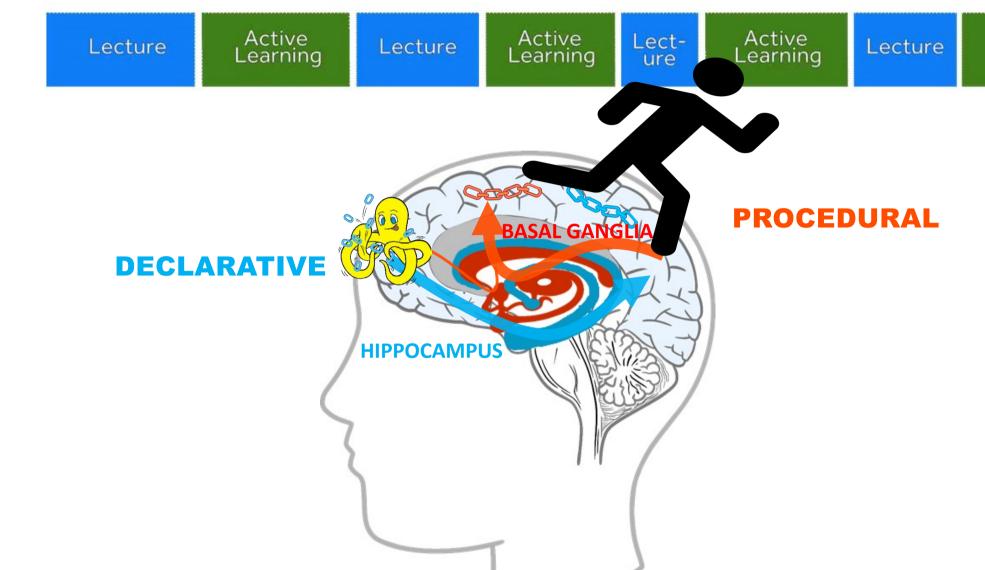
Active Learning

Lecture

Active Learning

Lecture Active Learning

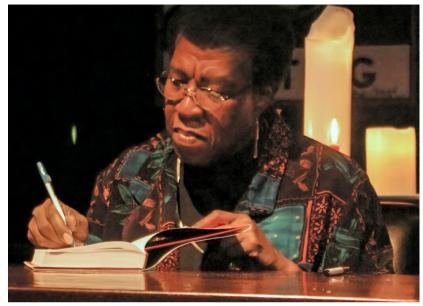
Lecture



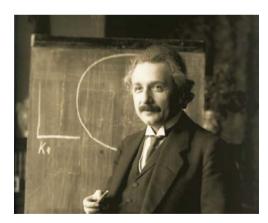
Nature loves heterogeneity —Terrence Sejnowski

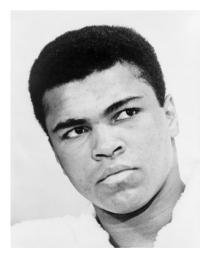




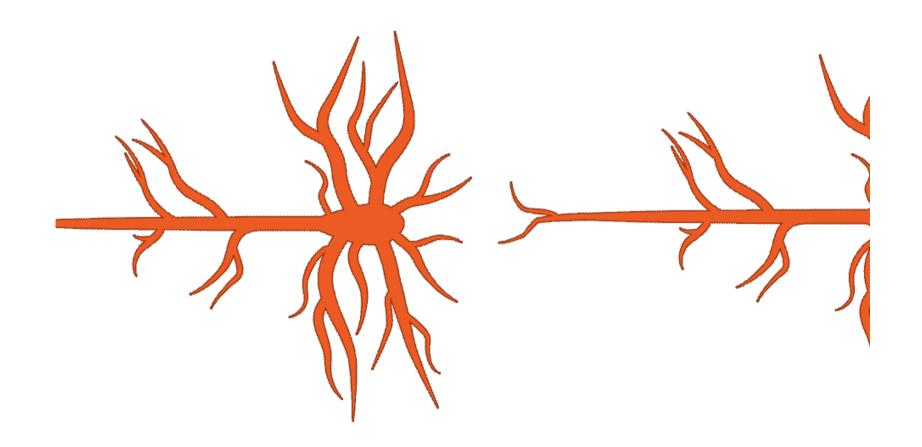


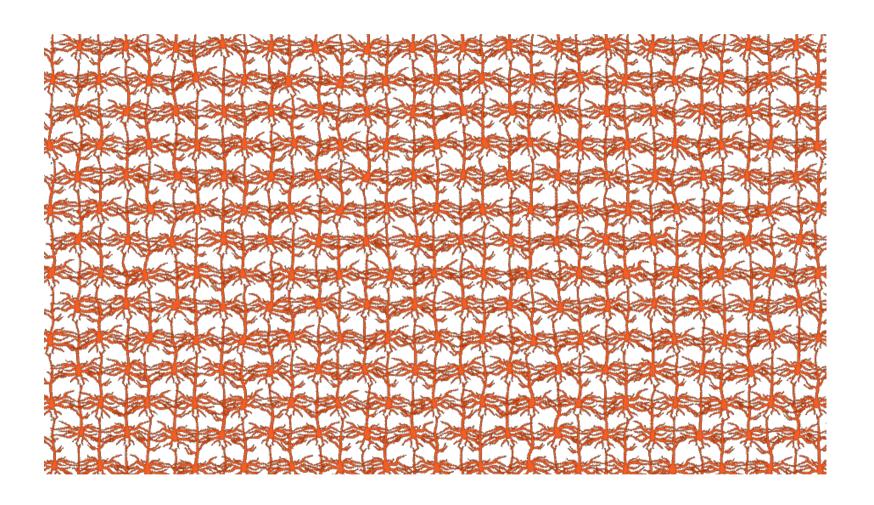


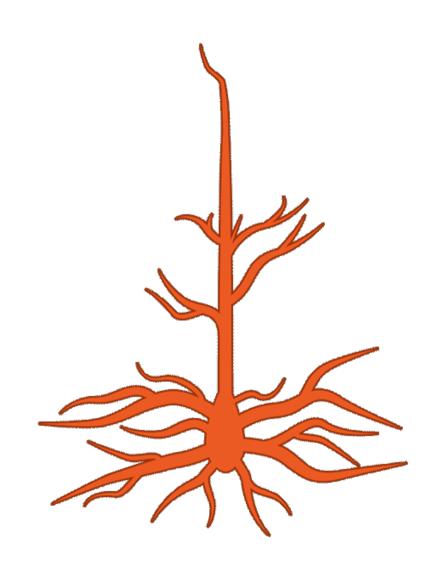




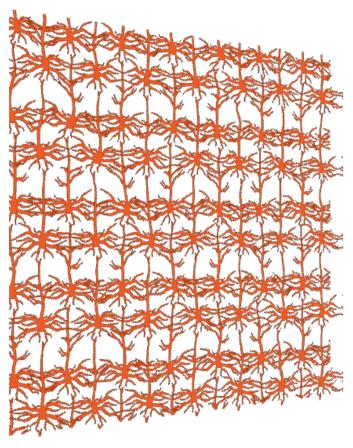








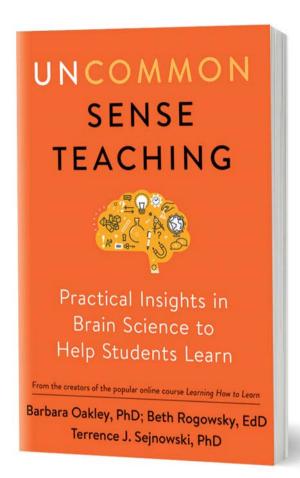
New learning boosts spirits





Uncommon Sense Teaching Specialization

- MOOC 0: Teaching Online
- MOOC 1: Uncommon Sense Teaching
- MOOC 2: Uncommon Sense Teaching, Part 2



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